

Quiz #8-#9 NauberoQuiz #8. Resuelve el problema de valores iniciales.

$$\ddot{y} - 6\dot{y} + 10y = 0, \quad \begin{aligned} y(0) &= 2 \\ \dot{y}(0) &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

Quiz #9. Escribe la forma de la solución particular de la Ec. Diferencial.

$$\ddot{y} - 4\dot{y} + 4y = t^4 e^{-2t}$$

Quiz #8 This is a 1) Linear, 2) Constant coefficients and 3) homogeneous Diff Eq: look for solutions $y(t) = e^{rt}$.

$$r^2 - 6r + 10 = 0.$$

$$\Rightarrow (r-3)^2 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} r_1 &= 3+i \\ r_2 &= 3-i \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Complex Solution $y(t) = e^{rt} = e^{(3+i)t} = e^{3t} e^{it} = e^{3t} (\cos t + i \sin t)$

Then, the solution is $y(t) = (C_1 \cos t + C_2 \sin t) e^{3t}$

It remains to find C_1 and C_2 using the Initial Conditions.

Compute: $\dot{y}(t) = (-C_1 \sin t + C_2 \cos t) e^{3t} + 3(C_1 \cos t + C_2 \sin t) e^{3t}$

$$2 = y(0) = C_1 \Rightarrow \underline{C_1 = 2}$$

$$-2 = \dot{y}(0) = C_2 + 3C_1 \Rightarrow C_2 = -2 - 3C_1 = -8 \quad \underline{C_2 = -8}$$

$$y(t) = (2 \cos t - 8 \sin t) e^{3t}$$

The solution is:

$$y(t) = (2\cos(t) - 8\sin(t))e^{3t}$$

Quiz # 9.1 Solve $y'' - 4y' + 4y = t^4 e^{-2t}$

Step 1 Solve: $y_h'' - 4y_h' + 4y_h = 0$

This is a 1) Linear, 2) Constant Coef's Diff Eq, 3) Homogeneous

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = e^{rt} \Rightarrow r^2 - 4r + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow (r-2)^2 = 0$$

$$r_{1,2} = 2 \Rightarrow y_h(t) = e^{2t}(C_1 + tC_2)$$

Step 2 Propose:

$$y_p(t) = (At^4 + Bt^3 + Ct^2 + Dt + E)e^{-2t}$$

we do not repeat solutions in $y_h(t)$. They this is the ~~particular~~ solution.